114TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4919

AN ACT

- To amend the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, to reauthorize the Missing Alzheimer's Disease Patient Alert Program, and to promote initiatives that will reduce the risk of injury and death relating to the wandering characteristics of some children with autism.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - ${\it 2\ tives\ of\ the\ United\ States\ of\ America\ in\ Congress\ assembled},$

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Kevin and Avonte's
- 3 Law of 2016".

4 TITLE I—MISSING ALZHEIMER'S

- 5 **DISEASE PATIENT ALERT**
- 6 PROGRAM REAUTHORIZA-
- 7 TION
- 8 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
- 9 This title may be cited as the "Missing Americans
- 10 Alert Program Act of 2016".
- 11 SEC. 102. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE MISSING ALZ-
- 12 HEIMER'S DISEASE PATIENT ALERT PRO-
- GRAM.
- 14 (a) AMENDMENTS.—Section 240001 of the Violent
- 15 Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42
- 16 U.S.C. 14181) is amended—
- 17 (1) in the section header, by striking "ALZ-
- 18 **HEIMER'S DISEASE PATIENT**" and inserting
- 19 "AMERICANS"; and
- 20 (2) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
- 21 following:
- 22 "(a) Grant Program To Reduce Injury and
- 23 Death of Missing Americans With Dementia and
- 24 Developmental Disabilities.—Subject to the avail-
- 25 ability of appropriations to carry out this section, the At-
- 26 torney General, through the Bureau of Justice Assistance

1	and in consultation with the Secretary of Health and
2	Human Services—
3	"(1) shall award competitive grants to health
4	care agencies, State and local law enforcement agen
5	cies, or public safety agencies and nonprofit organi
6	zations to assist such entities in planning, designing
7	establishing, or operating locally based, proactive
8	programs to prevent wandering and locate missing
9	individuals with forms of dementia, such as Alz
10	heimer's Disease, or developmental disabilities, such
11	as autism, who, due to their condition, wander from
12	safe environments, including programs that—
13	"(A) provide prevention and response in
14	formation, including online training resources
15	and referrals to families or guardians of such
16	individuals who, due to their condition, wander
17	from a safe environment;
18	"(B) provide education and training, in
19	cluding online training resources, to first re
20	sponders, school personnel, clinicians, and the
21	public in order to—
22	"(i) increase the safety and reduce the
23	incidence of wandering of persons, who
24	due to their dementia or developments

1	disabilities, may wander from safe environ-
2	ments;
3	"(ii) facilitate the rescue and recovery
4	of individuals who, due to their dementia
5	or developmental disabilities, wander from
6	safe environments; and
7	"(iii) recognize and respond to and
8	appropriately interact with endangered
9	missing individuals with dementia or devel-
10	opmental disabilities who, due to their con-
11	dition, wander from safe environments;
12	"(C) provide prevention and response
13	training and emergency protocols for school ad-
14	ministrators, staff, and families or guardians of
15	individuals with dementia, such as Alzheimer's
16	Disease, or developmental disabilities, such as
17	autism, to help reduce the risk of wandering by
18	such individuals; and
19	"(D) develop, operate, or enhance a notifi-
20	cation or communications systems for alerts,
21	advisories, or dissemination of other informa-
22	tion for the recovery of missing individuals with
23	forms of dementia, such as Alzheimer's Disease,
24	or with developmental disabilities, such as au-
25	tism; and

1 "(2) shall award grants to health care agencies, 2 State and local law enforcement agencies, or public 3 safety agencies to assist such agencies in designing, establishing, and operating locative tracking technology programs for individuals with forms of de-5 6 mentia, such as Alzheimer's Disease, or children with developmental disabilities, such as autism, who 7 8 have wandered from safe environments."; 9 (3) in subsection (b)— (A) by inserting "competitive" after "to re-10 11 ceive a"; (B) by inserting "agency or" before "orga-12 13 nization" each place it appears; and 14 (C) by adding at the end the following: "The Attorney General shall periodically solicit 15 16 applications for grants under this section by 17 publishing a request for applications in the 18 Federal Register and by posting such a request 19 on the website of the Department of Justice."; 20 and 21 (4) by striking subsections (c) and (d) and in-22 serting the following: "(c) Preference.—In awarding grants under sub-23 section (a)(1), the Attorney General shall give preference to law enforcement or public safety agencies that partner

- 1 with nonprofit organizations that appropriately use per-
- 2 son-centered plans minimizing restrictive interventions
- 3 and that have a direct link to individuals, and families of
- 4 individuals, with forms of dementia, such as Alzheimer's
- 5 Disease, or developmental disabilities, such as autism.
- 6 "(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 7 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 8 \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2017 through 2021.
- 9 "(e) Grant Accountability.—All grants awarded
- 10 by the Attorney General under this section shall be subject
- 11 to the following accountability provisions:
- 12 "(1) AUDIT REQUIREMENT.—
- 13 "(A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the
- term 'unresolved audit finding' means a finding
- in the final audit report of the Inspector Gen-
- eral of the Department of Justice that the au-
- 17 dited grantee has utilized grant funds for an
- unauthorized expenditure or otherwise unallow-
- able cost that is not closed or resolved within
- 20 12 months from the date when the final audit
- 21 report is issued.
- 22 "(B) Audits.—Beginning in the first fis-
- cal year beginning after the date of enactment
- of this subsection, and in each fiscal year there-
- 25 after, the Inspector General of the Department

	l l
1	of Justice shall conduct audits of recipients of
2	grants under this section to prevent waste,
3	fraud, and abuse of funds by grantees. The In-
4	spector General shall determine the appropriate
5	number of grantees to be audited each year.
6	"(C) Mandatory exclusion.—A recipi-
7	ent of grant funds under this section that is
8	found to have an unresolved audit finding shall
9	not be eligible to receive grant funds under this
10	section during the first 2 fiscal years beginning
11	after the end of the 12-month period described
12	in subparagraph (A).
13	"(D) Priority.—In awarding grants
14	under this section, the Attorney General shall
15	give priority to eligible applicants that did not
16	have an unresolved audit finding during the 3
17	fiscal years before submitting an application for
18	a grant under this section.
19	"(E) REIMBURSEMENT.—If an entity is
20	awarded grant funds under this section during
21	the 2-fiscal-year period during which the entity
22	is barred from receiving grants under subpara-
23	graph (C), the Attorney General shall—

"(i) deposit an amount equal to the

amount of the grant funds that were im-

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1	properly awarded to the grantee into the
2	General Fund of the Treasury; and
3	"(ii) seek to recoup the costs of the
4	repayment to the fund from the grant re-
5	cipient that was erroneously awarded grant
6	funds.
7	"(2) Nonprofit organization require-
8	MENTS.—
9	"(A) Definition of nonprofit organi-
10	ZATION.—For purposes of this paragraph and
11	the grant programs under this part, the term
12	'nonprofit organization' means an organization
13	that is described in section 501(c)(3) of the In-
14	ternal Revenue Code of 1986 and is exempt
15	from taxation under section 501(a) of such
16	Code.
17	"(B) Prohibition.—The Attorney Gen-
18	eral may not award a grant under this part to
19	a nonprofit organization that holds money in
20	offshore accounts for the purpose of avoiding
21	paying the tax described in section 511(a) of
22	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
23	"(C) Disclosure.—Each nonprofit orga-
24	nization that is awarded a grant under this sec-
25	tion and uses the procedures prescribed in regu-

lations to create a rebuttable presumption of reasonableness for the compensation of its officers, directors, trustees, and key employees, shall disclose to the Attorney General, in the application for the grant, the process for determining such compensation, including the independent persons involved in reviewing and approving such compensation, the comparability data used, and contemporaneous substantiation of the deliberation and decision. Upon request, the Attorney General shall make the information disclosed under this subparagraph available for public inspection.

"(3) Conference expenditures.—

"(A) LIMITATION.—No amounts made available to the Department of Justice under this section may be used by the Attorney General, or by any individual or entity awarded discretionary funds through a cooperative agreement under this section, to host or support any expenditure for conferences that uses more than \$20,000 in funds made available by the Department of Justice, unless the head of the relevant agency or department, provides prior written

1	authorization that the funds may be expended
2	to host the conference.
3	"(B) Written approval.—Written ap-
4	proval under subparagraph (A) shall include a
5	written estimate of all costs associated with the
6	conference, including the cost of all food, bev-
7	erages, audio-visual equipment, honoraria for
8	speakers, and entertainment.
9	"(C) Report.—The Deputy Attorney Gen-
10	eral shall submit an annual report to the Com-
11	mittee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
12	Committee on the Judiciary of the House of
13	Representatives on all conference expenditures
14	approved under this paragraph.
15	"(4) Annual Certification.—Beginning in
16	the first fiscal year beginning after the date of en-
17	actment of this subsection, the Attorney General
18	shall submit, to the Committee on the Judiciary and
19	the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and
20	the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee
21	on Appropriations of the House of Representatives,
22	an annual certification—
23	"(A) indicating whether—
24	"(i) all audits issued by the Office of
25	the Inspector General under paragraph (1)

1	have been completed and reviewed by the
2	appropriate Assistant Attorney General or
3	Director;
4	"(ii) all mandatory exclusions required
5	under paragraph (1)(C) have been issued;
6	and
7	"(iii) all reimbursements required
8	under paragraph (1)(E) have been made;
9	and
10	"(B) that includes a list of any grant re-
11	cipients excluded under paragraph (1) from the
12	previous year.
13	"(f) Preventing Duplicative Grants.—
14	"(1) In General.—Before the Attorney Gen-
15	eral awards a grant to an applicant under this sec-
16	tion, the Attorney General shall compare potential
17	grant awards with other grants awarded by the At-
18	torney General to determine if grant awards are or
19	have been awarded for a similar purpose.
20	"(2) Report.—If the Attorney General awards
21	grants to the same applicant for a similar purpose
22	the Attorney General shall submit to the Committee
23	on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee
24	on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a
25	report that includes—

1	"(A) a list of all such grants awarded, in-
2	cluding the total dollar amount of any such
3	grants awarded; and
4	"(B) the reason the Attorney General
5	awarded multiple grants to the same applicant
6	for a similar purpose.".
7	(b) Annual Report.—Not later than 2 years after
8	the date of enactment of this Act and every year there-
9	after, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committee
10	on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of
11	the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary and the
12	Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representa-
13	tives a report on the Missing Americans Alert Program,
14	as amended by subsection (a), which shall address—
15	(1) the number of individuals who benefitted
16	from the Missing Americans Alert Program, includ-
17	ing information such as the number of individuals
18	with reduced unsafe wandering, the number of peo-
19	ple who were trained through the program, and the
20	estimated number of people who were impacted by
21	the program;
22	(2) the number of State, local, and tribal law
23	enforcement or public safety agencies that applied
24	for funding under the Missing Americans Alert Pro-
25	gram;

1	(3) the number of State, local, and tribal local
2	law enforcement or public safety agencies that re-
3	ceived funding under the Missing Americans Alert
4	Program, including—
5	(A) the number of State, local, and tribal
6	law enforcement or public safety agencies that
7	used such funding for training; and
8	(B) the number of State, local, and tribal
9	law enforcement or public safety agencies that
10	used such funding for designing, establishing,
11	or operating locative tracking technology;
12	(4) the companies, including the location (city
13	and State) of the headquarters and local offices of
14	each company, for which their locative tracking tech-
15	nology was used by State, local, and tribal law en-
16	forcement or public safety agencies;
17	(5) the nonprofit organizations, including the
18	location (city and State) of the headquarters and
19	local offices of each organization, that State, local,
20	and tribal law enforcement or public safety agencies
21	partnered with and the result of each partnership;
22	(6) the number of missing children with autism
23	or another developmental disability with wandering

tendencies or adults with Alzheimer's being served

1	by the program who went missing and the result of
2	the search for each such individual; and
3	(7) any recommendations for improving the
4	Missing Americans Alert Program.
5	(c) Table of Contents.—The table of contents in
6	section 2 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforce-
7	ment Act of 1994 is amended by striking the item relating
8	to section 240001 and inserting the following:
	"Sec. 240001. Missing Americans Alert Program.".
9	TITLE II—EDUCATION AND
10	OUTREACH
11	SEC. 201. ACTIVITIES BY THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR MISS
12	ING AND EXPLOITED CHILDREN.
13	Section 404(b)(1)(H) of the Missing Children's As-
14	sistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5773(b)(1)(H)) is amended by in-
15	serting ", including cases involving children with develop-
16	mental disabilities such as autism" before the semicolon
17	TITLE III—PRIVACY
18	PROTECTIONS
19	SEC. 301. DEFINITIONS.
20	In this title:
21	(1) Child.—The term "child" means an indi-
22	vidual who is less than 18 years of age.
23	(2) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"

- the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b(e)).
- 3 (3) Law enforcement agency.—The term
 4 "law enforcement agency" means an agency of a
 5 State, unit of local government, or Indian tribe that
 6 is authorized by law or by a government agency to
 7 engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, in8 vestigation, or prosecution of any violation of crimi9 nal law.
 - (4) STATE.—The term "State" means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
 - (5) Unit of local government" means a county, municipality, town, township, village, parish, borough, or other unit of general government below the State level.
 - (6) Non-invasive and non-permanent" means, with regard to any technology or device, that the procedure to install the technology or device does not create an external or internal marker or implant a device or other trackable items.

1	SEC. 302. STANDARDS AND BEST PRACTICES FOR USE OF
2	NON-INVASIVE AND NON-PERMANENT TRACK-
3	ING DEVICES.
4	(a) Establishment.—
5	(1) In general.—Not later than 120 days
6	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney
7	General, in consultation with the Secretary of
8	Health and Human Services and leading research,
9	advocacy, self-advocacy, and service organizations,
10	shall establish standards and best practices relating
11	to the use of non-invasive and non-permanent track-
12	ing technology, where a guardian or parent, in con-
13	sultation with the individual's health care provider,
14	has determined that a non-invasive and non-perma-
15	nent tracking device is the least restrictive alter-
16	native, to locate individuals as described in sub-
17	section $(a)(2)$ of section 240001 of the Violent
18	Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994
19	(42 U.S.C. 14181), as added by this Act.
20	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—In establishing the
21	standards and best practices required under para-
22	graph (1), the Attorney General shall—
23	(A) determine—
24	(i) the criteria used to determine
25	which individuals would benefit from the
26	use of a tracking device.

1	(ii) the criteria used to determine who
2	should have direct access to the tracking
3	system; and
4	(iii) which non-invasive and non-per-
5	manent types of tracking devices can be
6	used in compliance with the standards and
7	best practices; and
8	(B) establish standards and best practices
9	the Attorney General determines are necessary
10	to the administration of a tracking system, in-
11	cluding procedures to—
12	(i) safeguard the privacy of the data
13	used by the tracking device such that—
14	(I) access to the data is re-
15	stricted to law enforcement and health
16	agencies determined necessary by the
17	Attorney General; and
18	(II) collection, use, and retention
19	of the data is solely for the purpose of
20	preventing injury or death to the pa-
21	tient assigned the tracking device or
22	caused by the patient assigned the
23	tracking device;
24	(ii) establish criteria to determine
25	whether use of the tracking device is the

1	least restrictive alternative in order to pre-
2	vent risk of injury or death before issuing
3	the tracking device, including the previous
4	consideration of less restrictive alter-
5	natives;
6	(iii) provide training for law enforce-
7	ment agencies to recognize signs of abuse
8	during interactions with applicants for
9	tracking devices;
10	(iv) protect the civil rights and lib-
11	erties of the individuals who use tracking
12	devices, including their rights under the
13	Fourth Amendment to the Constitution of
14	the United States;
15	(v) establish a complaint and inves-
16	tigation process to address—
17	(I) incidents of noncompliance by
18	recipients of grants under subsection
19	(a)(2) of section 240001 of the Vio-
20	lent Crime Control and Law Enforce-
21	ment Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14181),
22	as added by this Act, with the best
23	practices established by the Attorney
24	General or other applicable law; and

1	(II) use of a tracking device over
2	the objection of an individual; and
3	(vi) determine the role that State
4	agencies should have in the administration
5	of a tracking system.
6	(3) Effective date.—The standards and best

(3) Effective date.—The standards and best practices established pursuant to paragraph (1) shall take effect 90 days after publication of such standards and practices by the Attorney General, unless Congress enacts a joint resolution disapproving of the standards and practices.

(b) REQUIRED COMPLIANCE.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each entity that receives a grant under subsection (a)(2) of section 240001 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14181), as added by this Act, shall comply with any standards and best practices relating to the use of tracking devices established by the Attorney General in accordance with subsection (a).
- (2) Determination of compliance.—The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall determine whether an entity that receives a grant under subsection (a)(2) of section 240001 of the Violent

- 1 Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994
- 2 (42 U.S.C. 14181), as added by this Act, acts in
- 3 compliance with the requirement described in para-
- 4 graph (1).
- 5 (c) Applicability of Standards and Best Prac-
- 6 TICES.—The standards and best practices established by
- 7 the Attorney General under subsection (a) shall apply only
- 8 to the grant programs authorized under subsection (a)(2)
- 9 of section 240001 of the Violent Crime Control and Law
- 10 Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14181), as added
- 11 by this Act.
- 12 (d) Limitations on Program.—
- 13 (1) Data Storage.—Any tracking data pro-
- vided by tracking devices issued under this program
- may not be used by a Federal entity to create a
- database.
- 17 (2) VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION.—Nothing in
- this Act may be construed to require that a parent
- or guardian use a tracking device to monitor the lo-
- 20 cation of a child or adult under that parent or
- 21 guardian's supervision if the parent or guardian
- does not believe that the use of such device is nec-
- essary or in the interest of the child or adult under
- supervision.

1 TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS

- 2 SEC. 401. NO FUNDS AUTHORIZED FOR BYRNE CRIMINAL
- 3 **JUSTICE INNOVATION PROGRAM.**
- 4 For fiscal year 2017, no funds are authorized to be
- 5 appropriated for an Edward Byrne Memorial criminal jus-
- 6 tice innovation program.

Passed the House of Representatives December 8, 2016.

Attest:

Clerk.

114TH CONGRESS H. R. 4919

AN ACT

To amend the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, to reauthorize the Missing Alzheimer's Disease Patient Alert Program, and to promote initiatives that will reduce the risk of injury and death relating to the wandering characteristics of some children with autism.